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Freedom: its Interests, its Rights, and its Honor.

NUMBER 17.

BY C. W. WILLARD.

MONTPELIER, VT., MAY 4, 1861.

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Dr. Bryden's HORSE AND CATTLE

# RECULDICIUMS.

Which have been most secessfully used in my own practice throughout Vermont and New England for ave alyear, are now offered 10 life PUBLIC, for the rapid cure of all diseases incidents to

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Stotel Keepers, Livery Stable keepers, Morse Bayers Stagenen, carriers, and tarmers in every section, are aware of the access that has attended the use of these remedies whenever I have used them, and I now off r them in fall cent dence that they will prove the "needfull rened es" for all horicalle cattle owners we.

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Will cure Sore Throats and Horse Distemper. swelled arck od seres, bruise . sprsins, cramps, and lameness of every description, in the shortest possible time

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To grew the hoof, in ourse of continued free, flat feet, quarter crick. &c. As implete new healthy hoof con regions out by use of this con pound in a short time. DR. BKYBEN

is-ewell known by herse owners in Vermont, that B exerned unnecessary to say any thing of b's universal access in the sing may elecase of H recase. Cattle And a present again semedicines proposed with the greatest care roma his receipt, we have only to say to such as hore out his remeries used,

You know what they will do, and to all who have HORSES and CATTLE in their same you have only to give them a single trial to be fully convinced that they are

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VALUABLE REMEDY.

7: prevent the sad consequences of a hard cold or harding cough, he prompt to precure The Anodyne Cough Drops,

#### For it always cures. PHYSICIANS

tito in all parts of the State, use it it their practic; and in their own femil es They say it is excellent 167 COUGHS COLDS, CHCUP,

ASTHMA, HOARSENESS, &c. As a FAMILY MEDICINE, to sudden Colds, for Chilten and for your neople who couch and are kipt awake water works, and are kipt awake

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## The Oldest Minister in New England, gives his strongest recommendation of its efficacy and for

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You can run no risk, for every bottle is Warranted! PRICE 25 CENTS. FRED. E. SMITH, Proprietor,

Montpelier, Vt.

# Poetry.

The American Flag. Fling out the nation's stripes and stars,

The glorious standard of the free, The banner borne through freedom's war: The hallowed gem of liberty. On the mountain top, in valley deep,

Wherever dwell the free and brave, O'er graves where freedom's martyrs sleep, Columbia's flag must freely wave. Raise kigh the bright auspicious flag,

From every height and lowly glen. In forest dell, on jutting crag, Afar among the haunts of men ; Tho sparkling banner widely flung. Shall wave o'er land and sea, And freedom's anthem sweetly sung, Shall swell our country's jubilee !

O ! let the world that flag beheld ! The emblem of the brave and free ; The brightest crown of streaming gold That decks the Godders Liberty. Spread out its fold till heaven's dome Reverberate the holy sound That all oppressed have found a home

On freedom's consecrated ground,

Filing out our country's banner wide, Our emblematic starry gem, OUR UNION NEVER SHALL DIVIDE. While floats the silken diadem. Year after year the brilliant stare Shall indicate the strength of all ; Yet all beware of civil wars. That curse of monarchs-freedom's fall

Enthusiastic Meeting of the Capital Guards. The Capital Guards held a meeting Wednesday evening last. The ranks of the company were full. C. J. Ainsworth was chosen Chairman, after which the Company proceeded to ballot for Captain, which resulted in the unani moss choice of F. V. Randall, Esq.

Mr. Randall spoke substantially as follows:

" GUARDS :- I appreciate most fully the distinguished honor you have conterred on me. I must also say that I have real distrust in my ability to discharge the arduous duties imposed by accepting this command; but whatever distrust I may have in this respect, I assure you my endeavors will be to treat all others and soldiers in my command as becomes my position; and from the superior intelligence and gentlemanly bearing of you all, I have no doubt I shall receive the same treatment from you. But, Guards, don't deceive yourselves with regard to the character of our undertaking. It is to be no boys's play. We are to meet the stern reality of war; and when I look around upon the upturned faces before me, and contemplate what that reality may prove-toat when we leave these quarters it is to be our last look on these, the early scenes of our childhood, and a last parting with friends near and dear, and all the pleasing associations of our lives, I must confess that sad feelings come over my spirit which I can only dispel by recalling the more stern reality that our Nation's Fing is insulted, and our dearly-bought Institutions menaced, nay, more, attacked. I have but one word more to say. We are no cowards. I hope I may have the honor of leading the Guards to deeds of valor that will be worthy of the State of Vermont, and the Capital from whence we go. Follow me, then, and we will show the enemy the kind of good-will we feel to traitors."

At the close of these remarks, the greatest inthusiasm prevailed, and cheer upon cheer was

Walter A. Phillips was unanimously elected First Lieutenant. His remarks were brief and to the point. He said :

" Capital Guards: Not being accustomed to making extemporaneous speeches, and as it was remarked the other evening, that this is the time for action, and not for words, it would be poor policy for me to occupy your time with useless and meaningless words. But, brother soldiers, I am with you to the last, and will stand by and defend the Stars and Stripes until the last drop of blood flows from my veins (Cheers) .-I shall treat you with that respect which is due to a soldier, yet I shall faithfully, rigidly and cheerfully do the duty which is required of me. and which I owe to my God and my Country. (Prolonged cheers.)

H. F. Crossman was elected 2nd Licutenant. He stepped forward and pledged himself in the following spirited address:

" Commander and Fellow Soldiers: I thank you for the confidence you have placed in me. will endeavor to serve my Country, support our banner to the last, and defend it as long " I can wield a sword or handle a musket—so belp me God." (Cheers.)

A. Worcester, Jr., was elected Ensign. He pledged himself to support the Star-spangled banner, and go with the Guards to the last.

Wm Guinon, a soldier of the war with Mexico, was elected Orderly Sergeant. He declared himself ready to spill the last drop of his blood for the maintenance of the Constitution and the Union. W. H. H. Camp was elected 2d Sergeant, J. E. Ballou, 3d, and Geo. W. Bridgeman, 4th, all of whom were called upon, and responded patriotically.

D. P. Clark was chosen 1st Corporal, E. Gunnison 2nd, A. M. Burbank 3d, and Chas. E. Remick 1th, all of whom said they enlisted not for office, but to fight. After the election of officers the Guards adjourned.

J. B. LANGDON, JR., Secretary.

The Rhode Island Regiment.

The R. I. Regiment, was even superior to the 7th (N. Y.) as the men are admirably unt-

teers, 3 times the number required came forward

To choose from these the no. wanted, every man

was subjected to a examination by surgeons, the

formed and equipped. When Gov. Sprague issued his call for volun-

man being stripped naked, and a variety of tests applied. In one instance, a stout man, weighing 175 lbs who told the surgeon he could throw him out of the window, was told, "You can't pass, sir, one of your longs is diseased." Another, who supposed he was all right, was set aside. "What's the matter with me?" he said," Aint I sound?" Furning down a chair the surgeon said, " If you will jump over that chair you may."

man made a dash at the chair, but landed on his back. He couldn't go. One of the tests employed was a vigorous blow

in the loins from the surgeon's fist. After this rigorous examination had thrown aside all the unsound men there still remained one hall more than were wanted, and mintary officers made a second selection, leaving out one third of the number.

Gov. Sprague, who goes in command, has been for years a student of military science, and had opportunity for personal observation of operations in the late Italian war.

Among the R. I. Regiment are Col. Burnside and Maj. Slocomb, who have both seen service in the U. S. army. They have employed their experience and attention to perfect the disciptime of the Rhede Island troops.

THE PLUCKY COMMANDER OF FORT PICKENS .-A letter from one of the officers of the Wyndot says :

Fort Pickens is a very strong bastioned fort. and very advantagiously situated. The garrison can repulse seventy times their numbers. Lieut. Slemmer is one of the kind of men that would wrap himself up in the American flag, and if necessary blow the whole thing to atoms. He does not look like a very extraordinary man, he is so small and insignificant looking; but when he says he will do a thing, you may bet your "entire pile " he will. I never saw a man in my life that could equal him in coolness. Amidst all the excitement, he looks as unconcerned as if he had nothing in the world to

# Patriotism in the Tombs.

A humorous scene occurred recently at the Court of Sessions. A young Irelander, Patrick Flood by name, had been convicted of a simple assault and battery. Humor and good nature marked every lineament of his face. When he was brought to the bar for

sentence, the following scene took place: Recorder. · Well, Flood, what have you been doing?

Flood. 'Sure, sur, I am somewhat uncer-

tain entirely.' Recorder. 'You've been in a fight it ap-

ears! Ficod. It's quite probable, your honor.' Recorder. 'Have you got any money?' Frood. 'Nary a clut. All I've got in

the world you see on me back.' Recorder (sotto voce) to Judge McCunn, who was on the bench, 'What shall I do with

him, he's not a bad fellow? Judge McCunn. ' Flood, you are a strong, healthy man. Would you enlist?

Flood. 'Sure I would, sur, and jump at the chance.

City Judge to Recorder - Fine him \$10. The recorder fined him \$10, when Judge McCunn said to him, 'Now, Flood, if you will enlist, I'll pay the fine for you.'

Flood joyfully consented. The judge paid the fine, and Flood was directed to the nearest recruiting office.

# A Soldier's Privilege.

It is well known that . Old Hickory' was equally popular in the army and among the people at large. No man ever lived in this country about whom so many characteristic aneedotes have been related by these who were among his personal friehds. Below we give one of these, which we do not remember

to have seen in print before: Several years ago, an officer, who was one of the most distinguished of his grade in the service of the United States, on his way home from a dinner party on a certain occasion, was attacked so violently with vertigo that he became impressed with the idea that the ground was rising up against him, and that the fire-plugs were after him with hot haste. Under these circumstances, he determined to conceal himself in a friendly gutter, and wait until the enemies bad disappeared. In this condition he was found, and, of course, one of the numerous troop of office-hunters was soon ready to communicate to General Jackson, then President of the United States, the fact that the gallant defender of Fort - had been found drunk in the street. The old man stood for a moment, reflecting, then, turning to his informant, said- Very bad conduct, sir, in the Cotonel. But by the Eternal, he has done fighting enough never to draw another sober breath in his life.' Ever afterwards it was

the recognized right of the veteran Colonel bung to us like a fearful incubus, weakening to get drunk as often as he pleased, provided he kept himself out of sight.

A CLERGYMAN READY TO FIGHT. -At Mr. Beecher's Church, Brooklyn, on Sunday, the Rev. Mr. Northrop, who preached in the absence of the pastor, in alluding to the fact that the young men of the church were enrolling their names, offered his services as chaplain. He said that if a time should come when praying and preaching were out of place, he was ready to step into the ranks and do his share of the fighting. His remarks were loudly applauded.

Gen. Scott spurns the offered command of the Southern army .- Telegram.

So the South seek aid and comfort from the old hero.

The only aid they are likely to get will be cannon-aid, and they may come for't to Washington, if they think it will pay.

"I wish I was one of the pillars of the Church," said Robert to his father.

"Glad to hear so pious a wish, Bob; but why? " replies the old gentleman.

" Because I could get things on tick." "Robert, proceed immediately homeward,

bathe your head in cold water, and go to bed."

QUERY FOR LAWYERS .- Are " Issues of Fact"

ever Factitious? The author of the above has already engaged

### To the Farmers of Vermont.

Our Spring is opening with favorable prospeet for the husbandman, but in connection with it, we hear the cry " to arms," and learn that a formidable rebellion threatens to overthrow the Government. The national pulse is throbbing at fever heat, and patriots are marshalling in readiness to strike for freedom and country. It will be as necessary to caltivate the soil at home, as to enter the field to fight our battles. No State in the Union, will probably be less disturbed in its ordinary pursuits than ours .-No Southern invasion can reach us, and our fertile fields may be quietly ploughed and planted. While the war will greatly disturb the commercial interests of the country, it will inerease the demand for the products of the farm. Let the Vermont farmer raise, not merely what they may need for home consumption, but some thing to feed our soldiers, who are called into the service of their country. Drive the plow and sow the seed. Let all of the soil be profitably occupied and let each one who has a foot of ground to cultivate, raise all he can and save all that is raised. No branch of business at this time promises better than farming, and as the laborers are being diminished by those who leave us for the scene of strife, greater dil igence and care should be exercised by those whe remain at home. - Messenger.

#### These Times. These are times of peculiar national excite

ment, and none of us can tell what a day may bring forth. But we should not suffer the present excitement to interfere with the faithful discharge of our respective duties as citizens and Christians. It is right for us to cultivate the spirit of patriotism, and we shall not be likely to prize too dearly our national institutions which cost the blood and treasures of our fathers, or do too much to transmit them to posterity as the richest of earthly legacies. But amid these excitements and anxietics for the interests of the country, life should not be wasted in mere emotion. At this time the country demands that every person should do their duty. If duty requires, cheerfully gird on your armor selves to play a game of poker—the ante, as and face the enemies and traitors of your coun- a substitute for money, being a handful of try upon the field of battle. If not called into gold dust. They continued playing some time actual service, do your duty at home, by a position of unflinehing fidelity to the country, and withhold no sacrifice which her interests or safety may demand. Every professed Christian should be deeply solicitous to maintain experimental and practical Christianity. It is to be regretted that often these national excitements are suffered to interfere with our spiritual interests; but instead of spiritual indifference, there should be increasing religious activity and devotion. Do not neglect the class room, the prayer meeting, or any of the appointed means of grace. One ground of our national hope is, putting it aside, coolly remarked to one of that we are not utterly forsaken of God, and he has not forgotten to be gracious, but in answer to prayer may bring us safely through these storms and perils that now surround us. This country of ours has yet a great mission to fulfil connected with the triumphs of the Gospel, and the advancement of civil and religious liberty among the nations of the earth.

The foul system of American Slavery has at twenty.

our strength and staining our reputation, but amid the throws of the present unprecedented agitation, she is likely to shake off the fettering incumbrance and in the vigor of increased purity and strength, press on to the consummation of the high purposes for which its nationality has been bestowed. But our main hope in regard to our future prospects, depends upon the piety and efficiency of the Christian Church. Those who faithfully serve their God, will not be wanting in appropriate zeal for the well being of their country .- Messenger.

#### Literary Notices.

BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE FOR APRIL, 1851. Republished by L. Scott & Co., 54 Gold Street, New York, Price \$3 per annum.

Before us is a very fair specimen of the present character of the Magazine. It commences with a paper on "Spontaneous Combustion," in which an account is given of the principal cases which have been recorded, and the evidence sifted with care and discrimination, the conclusion being reached that there is nothing to give the slightest countenance to the theory, and that "the continuance of its advocacy in dictionaries, cyclopædias, and works on medical jurisprudence, is a disgrace to the science of our day. ' Then follows " Italy : by Mare Monnier,' a work which deals with the intellectual rather than with the military or political condition of that Country. A good natured review of Bartlett's Dictionary of Americanisms follows; and then we have a paper on Life in Central Africa, being the result of sixteen years' travel, by William Petherick, who seems to have written a very readable and trustworthy narrative. Then we have the World of Weimar, a gossiping letter, of the nature of which the title is a sufficient indication. The serial tale of Norman Sinclair is helped another stage on its way. "General Patrick Gordon, the Russian Scott." farnishes another of these autobiographies, which let us into the private life of Scotch worthics of bygone times. The number closes with . The Punjab in 1857," being a summary of the book on that subject by the Rev. J. Cave-Brown, Chaplain of the Panjab Moveable Col-

Leonard Scott & Co. also republish the London, Westminster, Edinburgh, and North British Reviews.

Price of one Review, \$3 a year. Price of the four Reviews, \$8. " Blackwood" and the four Reviews, \$10.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE. - There are some capital illustrated articles in the May No of this work. The fourth paper on New England life, and the conclusion of Hallock's trip to Labrador are highly interesting. A new novel by Trollope is commenced, entitled " Orley Farm," and the first installment promises well. We see that illustrations are being introduced into the laughable contents; of the Editor's Drawer, which contains an amusing anecdote of Governor Mattocks, formerly of Peacham, this State. The present number concludes the 22d volume of this interesting work.

HARPER'S WEEKLY .- This publication is having a great run in these eventful days in American history. It is, in fact, an illustrated history of the country, as all the events of note are not only carefully recorded, but graphically il lustrated. It comes by the single copy at only \$2.50 per year, and makes a desirable volume when bound for future reference.

# A Game of Poker

When the California gold mines were first opened, dust was supposed to be plenty in the diggings, and we heard a story of four persons, on the American Fork scating themwithout either side winning much. At length, one of the party, who had a good hand, went a handful "better."

"I see that, and go a pint better," cried another, who also had a "strong" hand. "I see that," responded the first, "and go

a quart better."

"Well, I see that, and go yen a gallon better, responded the other. This rather disconcerted his adversary for a moment, as it "oversized his pile;" but confident in the superior strength of his hand, he collected together all the gold dust he had left, and his companions: "Here, Jim, watch my pile till I go out and dig enough to call him."

The final result of that game has never been reported.

The price of American Flags has risen four hundred per cent, within the last ten days ; and binting, which two weeks ago found few buyers at seven dollars a bale, is now hard to get